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**VIRTUAL  
MALL**



# NETWORK SYSTEM



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# LAN

A local area network (LAN) is a group of computers and peripherals in a distinct geographic area that share the same communications or wireless link to a server.

A local area network (LAN) is a computer network that interconnects computers within a limited area such as a residence, school, laboratory, university campus or office building. By contrast, a wide area network (WAN) not only covers a larger geographic distance.

# NETWORK

A local area network (LAN) is a computer network within a small geographical area such as a home, school, computer laboratory, office building or group of buildings. A LAN is composed of inter-connected workstations and personal computers which are each capable of accessing and sharing data and devices a LAN may be wired, wireless, or a combination of the two.

# WAN NETWORK



A computer network that spans a relatively large geographical area. Typically, a WAN consists of two or more local-area networks (LANs). Computers connected to a wide-area network are often connected through public networks, such as the telephone system. They can also be connected through leased lines or satellites.

A WAN (wide area network) is a communications network that spans a large geographic area such as across cities, states, or countries. They can be private to connect parts of a business or they can be more public to connect smaller networks together.

A wide area network (WAN) is a network that exists over a large-scale geographical area. A WAN connects different smaller networks, including local area networks (LANs) and metro area networks (MANs).

# INTRANET

An intranet is a private network accessible only to an organization's staff. A wide range of information and services from an organization's internal IT systems are unavailable to the public, unlike the Internet.

It may consist of many interlinked local area networks and also use leased lines in the wide area network. Typically, an intranet includes connections through one or more gateway computers to the outside Internet. The main purpose of an intranet is to share company information and computing resources among employees.

A company's intranet is based on Internet concepts and technology, but for private use. The term can refer to anything that is web-based but for private use, but typically means a company's shared web applications. For example, it is common for companies to store internal contact information, calendars, etc. on their intranet.

An intranet is a network where employees can create content, communicate, collaborate, get stuff done, and develop the company culture. but also provides controlled access to authorized customers, vendors, partners company.

